



OLED DISPLAY MODULE DATASHEET



CFAL12864D1-0154MY

Datasheet Release: 2021-03-17

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1. General Information

Datasheet Revision History

Datasheet Release: 2021-03-17
Datasheet for the CFAL12864D1-0154MYdisplay module.

Product Change Notifications

You can check for or subscribe to [Part Change Notices](#) for this display module on our website.

Variations

Slight variations between lots are normal (e.g., contrast, color, or intensity).

Volatility

This display module has volatile memory.

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2. Module Description

The CFAL12864D1-0154MY is compact yellow on black monochrome OLED graphic display module. It is ultra-thin and very lightweight.

This display has a built-in chip-on-glass [Solomon Systech SSD1309 controller](#).

A breakout board for this display is available, part number [CFA10105](#), which handles boosting a 3.3 input voltage to 12.5 volts for the panel and also simplifies wiring.

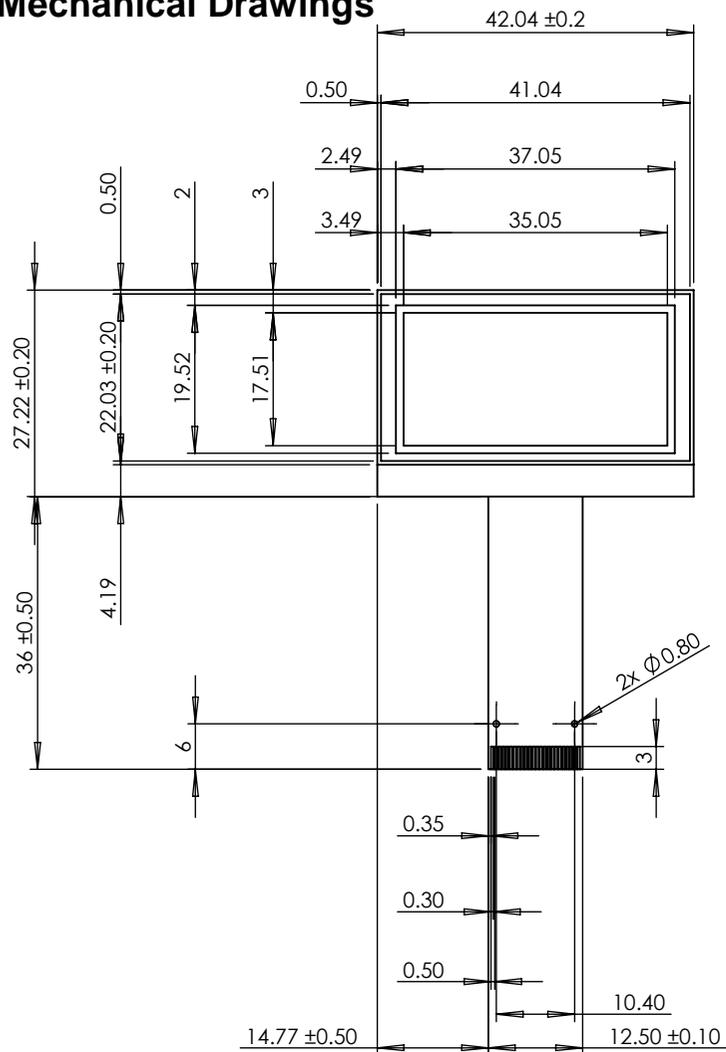
3. Features

- 1.54-inch 128x64 graphical OLED display
- Built in SSD1309 controller
- +3.0V Logic Power Supply
- +12.5V Display Power Supply
- SPI, I2C, 6800, or 8080 interface
- 1/64 Duty
- Operating Temperature: -40°C to +80°C
- Storage Temperature: -40°C to +85°C

4. Mechanical Data

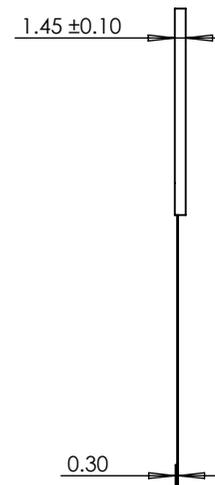
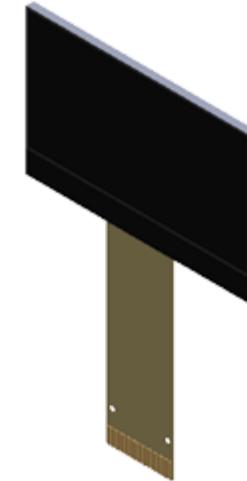
Item	Specification (mm)	Specification (inch)
Overall Module Dimension	42.04 (W) x 27.22 (H) x 1.45 (D)	1.65 (W) x 1.071(H) x 0.057 (D)
Viewing Area	37.05 (W) x 19.52 (H)	1.458 (W) x 0.768 (H)
Active Area	35.05 (W) x 17.51 (H)	1.379 (W) x 0.689 (H)
Dot Pitch	0.274 (W) x 0.274 (H)	0.0108 (W) x 0.0108 (H)
Weight (Typical)	3.2 grams	0.113 ounces

5. Mechanical Drawings



Units: Millimeters

Tolerance: ± 0.3 mm



Pin	Symbol
1	NC
2	VLSS
3	VSS
4	NC
5	VDD
6	BS1
7	BS2
8	CS
9	RES
10	D/C
11	R/W
12	E/RD
13-20	D0-D7
21	IREF
22	VCOMH
23	VCC
24	NC



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Revision:

v1.0

Web:

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Sheet:

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6. OLED Display

6.1. General Information

The CFAL12864D1-0154MY module uses a built-in Solomon Systech SSD1309 panel controller.

For detailed information on this controller IC, please see the SSD1309 datasheet which can be found on our website here: <https://www.crystalfontz.com/controllers/SolomonSystech/SSD1309/>

6.2. Interface Pin Function

PIN No.	Symbol	Function															
1	GND	Supporting pin to reduce stresses from ESD															
2	VLSS	Ground of Analog Circuit This is an analog ground pin. It should be connected to VSS externally.															
3	VSS	Ground of Logic Circuit This is a ground pin. It also acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to an external ground.															
4	NC	Reserved Pin The NC pins between function pins are reserved for compatible and flexible design.															
5	VDD	Power Supply for Logic Circuit This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to an external source. A 1.0uF/16V/0603 capacitor should be placed between VDD and VSS															
6	BS1	Communicating Protocol Select These pins are MCU Interface Selection Input. <table border="1" style="margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>68XX Parallel</th> <th>80XX Parallel</th> <th>Serial</th> <th>I²C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>BS1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BS2</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		68XX Parallel	80XX Parallel	Serial	I ² C	BS1	0	1	0	1	BS2	1	1	0	0
	68XX Parallel		80XX Parallel	Serial	I ² C												
BS1	0	1	0	1													
BS2	1	1	0	0													
7	BS2																
8	CS#	Chip Select Input. This chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled low.															
9	RES#	Power Reset for Controller and Driver This pin is the Reset Signal Input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is executed.															
10	D/C#	Data/Command Control This pin is the Data/Command Control Pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at D7~D0 (parallel) or SDIN (SPI) is treated as display data. When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7~D0 (parallel) or SDIN (SPI) will be transferred to the command register. In I ² C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection. When low, the I2C address is 0x3C. When high, the I2C address is 0x3D.															
11	R/W#	Read/Write Select or Write This pin is the MCU Interface Input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin to "High" for read mode and pull it to "Low" for write mode. When 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low. When in Serial or I2C mode, this pin should be pulled low to VSS.															
12	E/RD#	Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is the MCU Interface Input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low. When connecting to an 80XX-microprocessor, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS# is pulled low. When in Serial or I2C mode, this pin should be pulled low to VSS.															



PIN No.	Symbol	Function
13~20	D0~D7	Host Data Input / Output Bus These pins are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to be connected to the microprocessor's data bus. When SPI is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and D0 will be the serial clock input SCLK. When I ² C mode is selected, D2 & D1 should be tied together and serve as SDA _{OUT} & SDA _{IN} in application and D0 is the serial clock input SCL. If unused, it is recommended these pins are pulled low to VSS.
21	IREF	Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment This pin is the Segment Current Reference Pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and V _{SS} . Set the current lower than 10μA. ~950kΩ
22	VCOMH	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the Input Pin for the Voltage Output High Level for COM signals. A 2.2 μF/25V/0603 capacitor should be connected between VCOMH and V _{SS} .
23	VCC	Power Supply for OEL Panel This is the most positive Voltage Supply Pin of the chip. It must be supplied externally. A 2.2 μF/25V/0603 capacitor should be placed between VCC and VSS
24	GND	Supporting pin to reduce stresses from ESD

6.3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	V _{DD}	-0.3	4	V	(1)(2)
Supply Voltage for Display	V _{CC}	0	17	V	(1)(2)
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-40	+80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40	+85	°C	-

Notes:

- (1) These are stress ratings only. Extended exposure to the absolute maximum ratings listed above may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage.
- (2) Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Electrical Characteristics table below.

6.4. Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	V _{DD}	-	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	V _{CC}	-	12.0	12.5	13.0	V
High-level Input	V _{IH}	-	0.8 x V _{DD}	-	V _{DD}	V
Low-level Input	V _{IL}	-	0	-	0.2 x V _{DD}	V
High-level Output	V _{OH}	-	0.9 x V _{DD}	-	V _{DD}	V
Low-level Output	V _{OL}	-	0	-	0.1 x V _{DD}	V
50% Check Board Operating Current	I _{DD}	V _{CC} = 12.5V	-	16	45	mA



6.5. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V) θ		160	-	-	deg
	(H) ϕ		160	-	-	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	10,000:1	-	-	-
Display Brightness		V _{CC} =12.5v	120	150		cd/m2
Response Time		T _{rise} +T _{fall}	-	20	-	μ s
CIE _x (Yellow)		(CIE1931)	0.45	0.47	0.49	-
CIE _y (Yellow)		(CIE1931)	0.48	0.50	0.52	-

6.6. OLED Lifetime

Item	Conditions	Min	Typ	Notes
Operating Lifetime (100 cd/m ²)	T _a =25°C Initial 50% check board	40,000 Hrs.	50,000	(1)(2)(3)

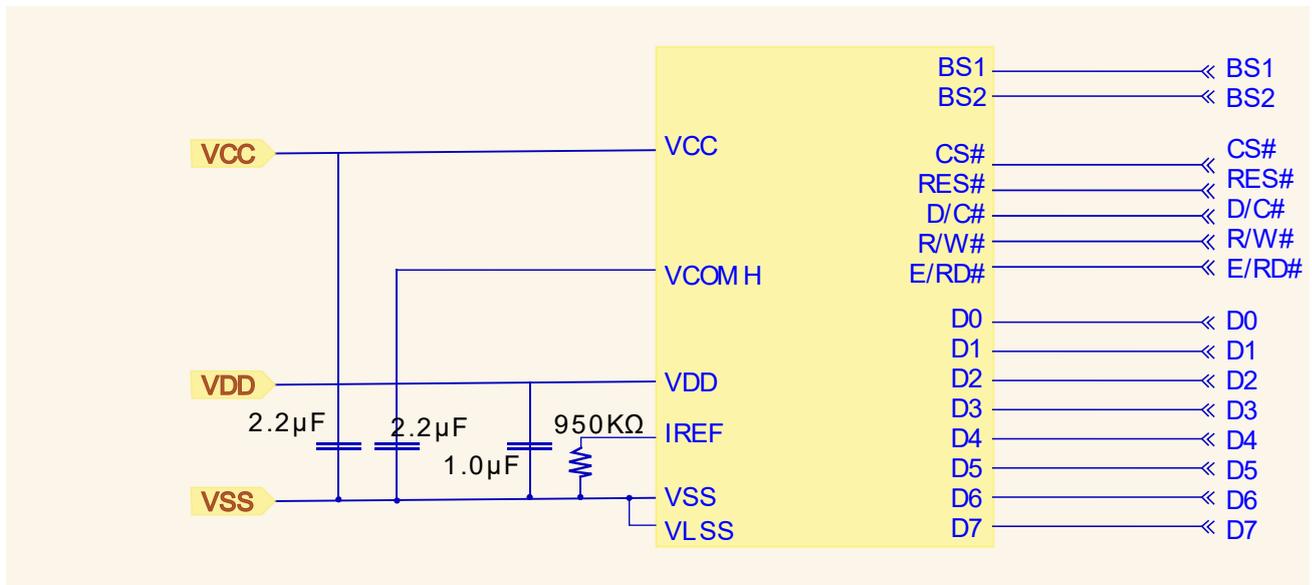
Notes:

Lifetime is defined as the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated Probability Density Function (PDF) for the product under normal use conditions. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

6.7. Schematic

This schematic is an example of how passive elements should be connected between pins.

The components required are also noted in the Interface Pin Function table.



7. Module Precautions

The precautions below should be followed when using OLED modules to help ensure personal safety, module performance, and compliance of environmental regulations.

7.1. Modules

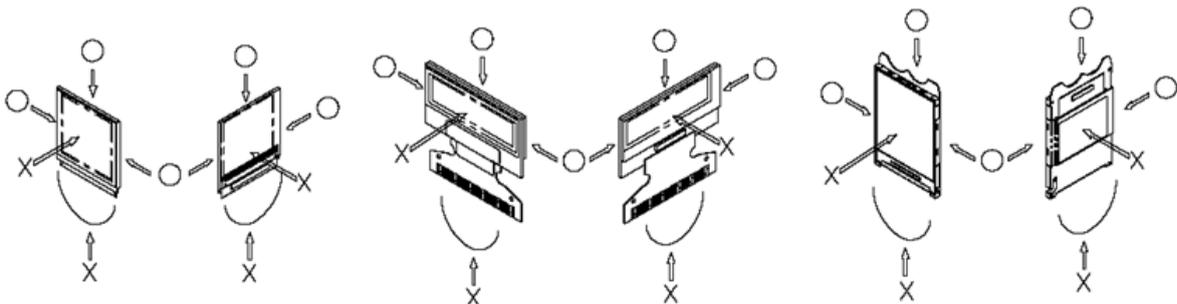
- Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.



- Do not disassemble the OLED display module.
- Do not operate the OLED display module above the absolute maximum rating.
- Do not drop, bend or twist the OLED display module.
- Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- Store in an anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- It is common to use the "screen saver" to extend the lifetime of the OLED display module.
 - Do not use the fixed information for long periods of time in real application.
 - Do not use fixed information in OLED panel for long periods of time to extend "screen burn" effect time.
- Crystalfontz has the right to change passive components on the display module (resistors, capacitors and other passive components may have different appearance and color).
- Crystalfontz has the right to change the PCB revision/version in order to satisfy the supply stability, management optimization, the best product performance, etc., under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions.

7.2. Handling Precautions

- Since the display panel is made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such as dropping from a high position.
- If the display panel is accidentally broken, and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale or touch the organic substance.
- If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged, so be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and can be easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- Clean the surface of the polarizer covering the OLED display module if it becomes soiled using following adhesion tape.
 - Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 - Never breathe the soiled surface or wipe the surface using a cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.
 - The following liquids/solvents may spoil the polarizer:
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic Solvents
- Hold the OLED display module very carefully when placing the OLED display module into the system housing.
- Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to the OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, be sure to secure the sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- Do not disassemble or modify the OLED display module.
- Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing the OLED display module to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
 - Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
 - Be sure to ground tools to use for assembly such as soldering irons.
 - To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.



- Protective film is applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- Protective film is applied to the surface of the display panel. Remove the protective film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, adhesive residue may remain on the surface of the display panel after the film has been removed. In such a case, remove the residue material by the method discussed above.
- If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may become corroded. If this happens proceed with caution when handling the OLED display module.

7.3. Storing Precautions

- When storing the OLED display modules put them in static electricity preventive bags to avoid exposure to direct sunlight and fluorescent lamps. Also avoid high temperature and high humidity environments and low temperatures (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Crystalfontz). Be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags, and do not let dew gather on them.
- If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module the OLED display module may have become dewed. If a dewed OLED display module is placed under high humidity environments it may cause the electrodes to become corroded. If this happens proceed with caution when handling the OLED display module.

7.4. Designing Precautions

- The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings that cannot be exceeded for OLED display module. If these values are exceeded, panel damage may happen.
- To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- We recommend that you install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side.
- When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- If the power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down, by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
 - Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

7.5. Disposing Precautions

Request qualified companies handle the industrial waste when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

7.6. Other Precautions

- When an LCD display module is operated for a long period of time with a fixed pattern, the fixed pattern may remain as an after image or a slight contrast deviation may occur.
 - If the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored.
 - This will not cause a problem in the reliability of the module.
- To protect the LCD display module from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the LCD display modules.
 - Pins and electrodes
 - Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- With this LCD display module, the LCD driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this LCD driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
 - Design the product and installation method so that the LCD driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
 - Design the product and installation method so that the LCD driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.



- Although this LCD display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. Therefore, it is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.
- Periodically refresh the operation statuses (re-set the commands and re-transfer the display data), to cope with noise.
- Resistors, capacitors, and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.
- Crystalfontz has the right to upgrade and modify the product function.
- The limitation of FPC bending:

